

The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 533, Vol. X.]

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1880.

[Price 6d.

Cromwell Advertisements

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FAMILY GROCERS

WINE, SPIRIT, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

We desire to intimate that in order to meet the growing exigencies of our business, we have lately built substantial stone additions to our former premises.

At the urgent request of our numerous customers, we have added to our other branches of business, that of

DRAPERY, CROCKERY, & IRONMONGERY.

We would further notify that, having engaged a Buyer in connection with our business to select special lines consigned from the Home and Melbourne markets, we will in future be in a position to offer such superior advantages to our customers as will not fail to ensure a continuance of their liberal patronage, and, more especially, will command the attention and confidence of the Trade, Runholders, and Large Buyers.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.

Our GROCERY STOCK comprises:

Teas, of excellent flavour, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
Coffees, from the pure bean, ground on the premises
Cocoa, Chocolate, of the best brands
Sugars: crystals of every shade, and crushed loaf
Bacon, Cheese, Butter: weekly supplies from the best dairies
Jams, Jellies, and Pickles

Candles: best brands
Soap: treble crown, blue mottled, household, scented in bars, cakes, and boxes
Vestas, by approved makers
Salt: table, fine, and coarse
Raisins: Muscatels, Sultanas, and Elemes
Oils: salad, castor, and kerosene
Sauces: Lea and Perrins, Mushroom, Nabob, and assorted

TOBACCOES.

Imperial, Aromatic, cable-twist—superior Cameron's celebrated brands—Havelock, Golden Bar, Venus tens
Barrett's Twist, in quarter-tierces and boxes.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

Brandies: Hennessy's, Associated Vineyard, Martell a, in bulk and case
Whiskies: Old Glenury, Islay, Longjohn's, in bulk and case
Rum: Lemon Hart's
Port: Fine old Offley's, six grape
Sherry: Gonzola, six diamond
Gin: JDKZ Geneva, Nectar, and Kummell
Old Tom: Burnett's, Bernard's
Claret: St. Julien's

Moselle: No. 2
Hock: Gold Leaf
Ginger Wine, in bulk and case
Ales: Tennent's, Younger's, and Colonial
Porter: Blood's, Byass's, Guinness's, and Colonial
Cordials: assorted
Sarsaparilla: Singleton's, Townsend's
Bitters: Selner's, Stoughton's

IRONMONGERY STOCK consists of

Blasting powder and fuse
Gunpowder, caps, and shot
Long and short handled shovels
Spades, sluice forks
Picks and pickhandles
Gold dishes, hose-pipes
Drills and drilling hammers
Manilla and flax ropes
White lead, castor, boiled, and colza oils
Galvanised and corrugated iron
Stoves and piping

Billies and pannikins
Tea-kettles, iron and tin
Galvanised iron buckets and tubs
Iron boilers
Enamelled and tinned stew and saucepans
Axes and axe-handles
Nails, cut and wrought
Tacks, clout and American cut
Garden rakes, hoes, and spades
Cutlery, a large assortment
Carpenters' tools of every description.

CANVAS, SADDLERY, AND BRUSHWARE.

HOLT'S SEWING MACHINES: CABINET AND HAND.

DRAPERY AND CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Suits: silk-mixture, Galatea, Paget, sac
Boys' do.
Trousers and Vests: Mosgiel, silk-mixed, tweed, doeskin
Shirts: white dress, crimeans, Scotch twill, tweed
Pants and undershirts, in flannel, lamb's-wool, merino, and cotton
Hosiery and hats

Dress materials: winceys, French merinos, all-wool plaids, prints
Flannels: Calicos, bleached and unbleached
Blankets, rugs, quilts
Table-covers, bed and toilet-covers.
Cocoa and felt mattings
Hessian, bed-ticking, carpets
Top, waterproof, and tweed coats; etc., etc.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Boots: men's elastic-sides, watertight, half-Wellingtons; Hayward and North British Gum Boot
Women's and children's Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, in calf, kid, and cashmere.

N.B.—All goods in this department are marked at low prices.

CROCKERYWARE.

Breakfast, dinner, and bedroom sets complete
Lamps: parlour, hanging, bracket

CHINA, GLASS, AND EARTHENWARE GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

FILTERS, VASES, AND LUSTRES.

FANCY GOODS.

Electro-plated Britannia-metal tea and coffee pots; meerschaum and briar pipes—a choice selection; patent medicines; stationery; perfumery.

COLONIAL PRODUCE: Wheat, Oats, Chaff, Pollard, and Potatoes.

D. A. J. & Co. have been appointed sole agents for the sale of Butel Bros.' superior silk-dressed flour, bran, and pollard; and are prepared to promptly execute all orders within a radius of sixty miles.—FLOUR GUARANTEED. TERMS LIBERAL.

W. TALBOYS'

CLEARING SALE OF GROCERY.

New Season Tea, 1878-79 (Boxes of 12lb), 23s
Cocoa (pound tins), 1s 6d
Muscateils, 1s 2d per lb
Jordan Almonds, 2s 3d per lb
ELEMES, 7d per lb
Lemon Peel, 1s 5d per lb
Two-crown Soap, 12s per box
Three-crown Soap, 14s per box
Cheese, 10d per lb
Hams, 10d per lb
Kerosene (Noonday), 12s per tin.

Fresh Herring, 8d per tin.
Lobsters, 10d per tin
Salmon, 10d per tin
Sardines (half-pound tins), 11d
Sardines (quarter-pound tins), 7d
Oysters, 7d per tin
Tainsh's Jams, 11d per tin
Figs, 1s per box
Preserved Fruits, 2s.
Pickles, 1s per bottle
Candles 10d per lb

ABOVE PRICES ARE STRICTLY CASH.

Men's Elastic Sides, Lace-ups and Watertight, Colonial Made, 14s 6d.

A large stock of Ladies' and Children's Kid Boots (Copper Toes), 4s 6d.

W. TALBOYS, LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.

Cromwell Advertisements

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,

HAVE ON HAND

THE LARGEST AND BEST-SELECTED STOCK

OF ANY UP-COUNTRY STORE IN

**DRAPERY, BOOTS, IRONMONGERY, CROCKERY
WINES AND SPIRITS.**

SPECIAL ATTENTION DEVOTED TO

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

DIRECT FROM OUR OWN FACTORY.

A LARGE STOCK OF

FURNITURE AND BUILDING MATERIALS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

AGENTS FOR

Robertson & Hallenstein's Celebrated Silk-dressed Wakatip Flour.

A GOOD SUPPLY OF BRAN, POLLARD, AND PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS ALWAYS ON HAND.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

EXTENSION OF PREMISES.

W. TALBOYS,

Having determined to Extend his Premises,

WILL HOLD A

Great Clearing Sale!

OF HIS EXTENSIVE AND VARIED STOCK OF

DRAPERY, HOSIERY, HABERDASHERY,

CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, &c., &c.,

EXTENDING OVER ONE MONTH ONLY!

CALL EARLY AND SECURE BARGAINS!

Cromwell

V. R.
N O T I C E
The following are the days appointed for holding the Resident Magistrate's and Warden's Courts for the months of January, February and March, 1880, for the Dunstan division of the Otago Goldfields Districts:

CLYDE—Every Thursday, excepting the Teviot Court week.

CROMWELL—Every Friday.

ALEXANDRA—Monday, January 12 and 26
" February 9 and 23
" March 8 and 22

[The District Court Office at Alexandra will be open on the above dates for the transaction of business.]

ROXBURGH—Tuesday, January 6
" February 3
" March 2

OPHIR—Tuesday, January 13
" February 10
" March 9

JACKSON KEDDELL,
Warden and R.M.

M R A. F. BLOOD, B. A.,
Has Commenced Practice as a
SOLICITOR AND CONVEYANCER

In the District, R.M. and Warden's
Courts, Cromwell.

Mr Blood is prepared to visit Alexandra, Blacks, &c., when professionally required.

OFFICE:

NEXT DOOR TO THE BANK OF NEW
ZEALAND.

H ENRICH BEHRENS,
WHEELWRIGHT
AND COACH BUILDER,
MELMORE-STREET, CROMWELL.

(Nearly opposite Bank of New South Wales),
Is prepared to execute all Orders entrusted to
him with carefulness and despatch.

A Large Supply of Well-seasoned American and
Native Timbers kept in Stock.

Repairs done in best style.

K. P R E T S C H.
CROMWELL,
COACH AND GENERAL PAINTER,
PAPERHANGER, &c.

Has always on hand a fine selection of Paper
hangings, Paints, Glass, and Mouldings of every
description, at low prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting,
Paperhanging, Decoration,
and Sign Writing.

E. M U R R E L L,
WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,
Has just received, per
English Mail, another con-
signment of
SILVER
HUNTING
LEVER
WATC HES
direct from the
this district, he
can with confidence recommend them to the
public both as regards finish and accuracy of
adjustment, and as Time-keepers not to be ex-
celled in the colony.

E. M. has made arrangements for regular sup-
plies, and as he buys for cash he is in a position
to defy competition.

A Two Years' Guarantee given with every
Watch.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Note the address—

E. MURRELL,
Watch and Clock Maker,
MELMORE-STREET, CROMWELL.

T HE AUSTRALIAN LITHOFRAC-
TEUR AND DYNAMITE CO.
(KREBS' PATENT.)

ARTHUR BRISCOE & CO.,
Having accepted the above Company's Agency
or New Zealand, direct the attention of Rail-
way and other Contractors, Miners, and Quarry-
men to the enormous advantages derived from
the use of these STRONGEST EXPLOSIVES
MANUFACTURED.

For Mining, Quarrying, Blasting in hard or
soft rock, and for Submarine Works (Krebs'
Patent being the only manufacture insoluble) it
is invaluable.

The SUPERIOR STRENGTH of these COLONIAL
EXPLOSIVES has been proved by experts to
be 15 to 20 per cent. stronger than any imported
Dynamite, while the present price renders it
cheaper than blasting powder.

Price—1 case, 2s 9d per lb.
5 " 2s 6d "
10 " 2s 3d "

Delivery from magazine payable by purchaser.

ARTHUR BRISCOE & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL IRONMONGERS AND
IRON MERCHANTS,
PRINCES-STREET, DUNEDIN.

Miscellaneous.

T O F A R M E R S.
M'CORMICK'S HARVESTERS FOR SALE.
Agent for Cromwell:
CHARLES COLCLOUGH.

R A N D A. J. P A R K,
R. SURVEYORS, LAND AGENTS,
SHARE AND MONEY BROKERS,
SAVINGS BANK BUILDINGS,
H I G H S T R E E T, D U N E D I N.

Land Office business transacted.

MONEY TO LEND AT CURRENT RATES.

J O H N S M I T H
began to intimate to the Public that he
H A S O P E N E D

Those
WELL-KNOWN AND COMMODIOUS STABLES
(Late Starkey and Scally's),
And hopes, by attention and civility, to merit a
fair share of public patronage.

BUGGIES & SADDLE HORSES ALWAYS ON HIRE.

HORSES BROKEN IN, &c.

P. B U T T E L & C O.'S
FLOUR MILLS,
NEAR ARROWTOWN.
Supply First-class
SILK-DRESSED FLOUR, BRAN AND POLLARD.

GRISTING DONE AT CURRENT RATES.

Country orders executed with care and dis-
patch. An excellent sample of flour guaranteed,
cannot be excelled in the Colony.

V I N C E N T F L O U R M I L L,
O P H I R.

J. C. J O N E S

Begs to inform the inhabitants of the surround-
ing districts that, having now completed the
above Flour Mill, which he has fitted up with
machinery on the most improved principle, he
is prepared to supply

S I L K - D R E S S E D F L O U R
of the best quality; also, Bran and Pollard.

Gristing at Current Rates.

J. C. JONES.

W A K A T I P F L O U R & O A T M E A L
M I L L S, L A K E H A Y E S.

ROBERT GILMOUR - PROPRIETOR.

The Proprietor begs to announce to the public
that, owing to the increased demand for Oatmeal,
he has now completed considerable improvements
on his oatmeal machinery, and is prepared to
supply a first-class article at a most reasonable
rate.

R. G.'s Mill being under the management of a
Miller of wide experience, the public can depend
upon a Constant Supply of Flour of the best
quality, and can offer it at as cheap a rate and
upon as reasonable terms as any in the district.

ROBERT GILMOUR.

N O T I C E.

FOURPENCE each will be given by the
undersigned for the SKINS of Rabbits de-
stroyed on Mt. Pisa and Queensberry Runs
upon delivery at the Home Station.

I. LOUGHNAN.

4th July, 1879.

N O T I C E.

A number of useless Curs are allowed to
prowl about on Kawarau Station by their
owners. This is to give them warning that
POISON will be laid wherever they are most
likely to get it.

JAMES COWAN.

October, 1877.

F O R S A L E.

8-h.p. horizontal Steam Engine and Boiler,
with winding and pumping gear

Several Sections in Cromwell

Cottage (furnished) and Section in Melmore

Terrace

Cottage and Section in Murray-street

Shop and Dwelling in Melmore-street

Cottage on Block IX.

Water-race of 12 heads (Lowburn)

Agricultural Lease Area of 200 Acres

Cromwell Coal Lease and Plant

Several Quartz-crushing Batteries

Bannockburn Water-race.

20 Acres, Freehold (fenced), adjoining Crom-
well.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Agent, Cromwell.

Cromwell

S W A N B R E W E R Y,
C R O M W E L L.

G. W. GOODGER . . . Proprietor.

The Proprietor is now prepared to supply his
unrivalled XXXX ALES in any quantity, de-
livered throughout the District.

Orders left at the Commercial Hotel, Crom-
well, or at the Brewery, will be promptly at-
tended to.

G. W. GOODGER.

W I L L I A M S U T H E R L A N D
General

BLACKSMITH & FARRIER,

Begs to intimate to Mining Companies and the
public generally that he has removed to

Q U A R T Z V I L L E,

where he hopes, by strict attention to business
and reasonable charges, to merit a share of the
public patronage.

CROMWELL:

V E T E R I N A R Y S H O E I N G F O R G E,
M E L M O R E S T R E E T.

R O B E R T W I S H A R T,
GENERAL BLACKSMITH, FARRIER, MACHINIST,
&c.

Every description of work in connection with
Mining and Farming Tools and Machinery made
and repaired on the premises.

Good Workmanship guaranteed at Reasonable
Prices.

R. W. begs to intimate to the public generally
that he has gone to the expense of fitting up a
CAST-IRON BED for TIRING WHEELS, being the
first introduced up-country; and in this branch
he will guarantee to give every satisfaction.

Horses shod on the latest and most-approved
principle.

Light shoes ... 10s.

Draught do. ... 16s.

N.B.—A large supply of Slesinger's Horse and
Cattle Medicines on hand.

I M P O R T A N T T O W A G O N E R S, F A R-
M E R S, A N D T H E G E N E R A L P U B L I C.

N E W V E T E R I N A R Y & S H O E I N G F O R G E.

J A M E S R I C H A R D S,

Having purchased the business as General Black-
smith and Horse-shoer in Cromwell, lately car-
ried on by Mr R. Cayford, begs to inform the
public that he is in a position to execute every
class of work in a most satisfactory manner at
reasonable prices.

In the Veterinary and Shoeing Department
the advertiser has considerable experience, and in
these branches can guarantee to suit those
who favor him with their patronage.

Horses carefully and skilfully treated for
all complaints.

Note the Address—

M U R R A Y S T R E E T, C R O M W E L L,

Opposite Messrs Grant and MacKellar's offices.

S H E R W O O D A N D W R I G H T,

W H O L E S A L E A N D R E T A I L
W I N E, S P I R I T, A N D P R O V I S I O N M E R-
C H A N T S, A N D G E N E R A L

S T O R E K E E P E R S,

M E L M O R E S T R E E T, C R O M W E L L.

Having completed their arrangements for the
regular consignment of Goods suitable to the
market, Sherwood and Wright have pleasure in
intimating that they have now on hand, and
constantly arriving, full supplies of

W I N E S, S P I R I T S, P R O V I S I O N S, A N D

F A M I L Y G R O C E R I E S

of the very best quality obtainable, and which
will be found to compare most favorably as to
price with those of any establishment on the
Goldfields.

The Stock comprises every class of goods in
above line, so that it is unnecessary to give a
detailed list.

Messrs Sherwood and Wright have made
arrangements for a constant supply of

F L O U R, B R A N, P O L L A R D, A N D G E N E R A L

P R O D U C E

of the finest quality from the Wakatipu Mills.
In this line the firm can offer special value.

G O O D S D E L I V E R E D T O A L L P A R T S O F T H E
D I S T R I C T.

F A M I L I E S R E G U L A R L Y W A I T E D U P O N.

S. & W. desire specially to state that they
have entered into arrangements for the regular
supply to them of

D A I R Y P R O D U C E

from one of the finest farms on the Taieri, an
advantage which they feel sure their customers
will fully appreciate.

Insurance Companies.

N O R W I C H U N I O N F I R E I N S U R-
A N C E S O C I E T Y.

R I S K S T A K E N O N T H E M O S T
L I B E R A L T E R M S.

J A M E S M A R S H A L L,
Melmore-Street, Cromwell.

[ESTABLISHED, 1859.]

N E W Z E A L A N D I N S U R A N C E
C O M P A N Y.

C A P I T A L ... £1,000,000.

Accepts Fire Risks on every description of
property, at lowest rates.

C H A R L E S C O L C L O U G H,
Agent, Cromwell.

C O B B A N D C O .' S
L I V E R Y S T A B L E S,
L A W R E N C E,

Will now be under the personal supervision of
Mr Craig.

H O R S E S & B U G G I E S A L W A Y S O N H I R E.

Horses Broken to Saddle and Harness.
H. CRAIG & Co.,
Proprietors.

C E N T R A L R E G I S T R Y O F F I C E

Hotels.

KIRLEBURN HOTEL,
ROARING MEG.

T. GORMAN ... Proprietor.

The travelling public will find every comfort and accommodation at this hostelry.

Wines, Beer, and Spirits of best brands.

JOHN MARS H,
BRIDGE HOTEL,
CROMWELL

VALUE FOR MONEY.

VICTORIA BRIDGE HOTEL,

J. M'CORMICK ... Proprietor.

The above well-known Hotel (late Edwards') has undergone a thorough renovation at the hands of the present proprietor, and is now second to no house on the main road from Cromwell to Queenstown.

Travellers may rest assured that they will receive every attention at the above Hotel.

The excellent range of STONE STABLES is under the charge of an experienced Groom. Horses will therefore secure every attention.

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,
(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.B.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

JOHN RICHARDS, PROPRIETOR.

VICTORIA HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

JAMES STUART,
(Late of the Ferry Hotel, Bannockburn,) Begs to intimate to his friends and the public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, and by keeping the best Wines and Spirits, to merit a share of public patronage.

A first-class table kept, and superior eight-stall stone stable, replete with every convenience for Travellers. Unsurpassed in the District.

N.B.—The nearest Hotel to the Court-house.

CRITERION HOTEL,
ALEXANDRA.

HENRY TOHILL, Proprietor.

H. TOHILL begs to inform the Travelling Public that this Hotel possesses every convenience, and trusts, by strict attention to the comfort of Travellers and the Public generally, to merit their patronage.

PRIVATE PARLOR AND BEDROOMS.

Large and commodious Billiard Room and Alcock's Prize Table.

THE BEST OF WINES, SPIRITS AND BEER ONLY KEPT.

The Culinary Department Specially attended to.

Good STABLING.

PORT PHILIP HOTEL,
SUNDERLAND STREET, CLYDE.

JOHN COX, Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation; and J. C. begs to inform the Travelling Public that, to suit the times, he has determined on reducing the charges, which, from date, will be as follows:—

Stabling, per night ... 6s
Single Feed ... 2s
Meals and Bed, each ... 2s
Board and Lodging, per week 30s
Board only ... 20s

The Stables attached to the Hotel comprise, besides Stalls, Eight Loose Boxes. An efficient Groom always in attendance, and only the best of Provender kept.

Cobb and Co.'s coaches arrive and depart from this Hotel.

THE BEST BRANDS OF SPIRITS, WINES, AND BEERS.

N.B.—A Private Cottage for Families, containing all the comforts of a home.

Hotel

BALLARAT HOTEL,
ARROWTOWN.

Mrs G. B. BOND, Proprietress.

The above Hotel is replete with every convenience and comfort, rendering it eminently suitable for the travelling public, while permanent boarders will find all the comforts of a home.

FIRST-CLASS STABLING
Efficiently managed.

Prize Billiard Table, with all accessories and careful attendance.

Cromwell

F O R S A L E

4,000 TOTARA and BLACK PINE POSTS.

Apply to D. COLWELL, Pembroke.

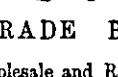
FIRST-CLASS MINING INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE CONTRACT.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH has FOR SALE that splendid Mining Property known as ROWES' CLAIM, at the Kawarau Gorge, comprising the Claim (from which the yields are splendid), and Two Water-races, having a large and constant supply of water (the whole of one and one-half of the other), and commanding all the auriferous ground in the district.

The whole is in first-class order, yielding over £1200 per annum; and the Water-races, independently of their command of the mining ground, will always command a high value for irrigation purposes, for which they can be applied to all the agricultural country around, including the whole of the Cromwell Flat.

Every information will be given to bona fide purchasers, as well as satisfactory reasons for the disposal of the property. Terms easy.



FREE TRADE BUTCHERY.

(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS · PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

**Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.



R. AND W. OLDS,
FAMILY BUTCHERS,

MELMORE-STREET, CROMWELL,

In thanking householders of the town and district of Cromwell for the liberal patronage conferred upon them since starting business, desire to say that they have entered into such arrangements as will enable them to continue to supply their Customers with Beef, Mutton, Pork and other articles in the trade of the very best quality.

SMALL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Families and Hotels waited upon daily.



THE CROMWELL BAKERY.

J. SCOTT,

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,

Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

THOMAS FOOT, TAILOR AND CLOTHIER

MELMORE TERRACE,

CROMWELL.

Choice Selection of Tweeds on hand.

Stud Horses.



THE THOROUGHBRED HORSE ARCHITECT

Will Stand at Mount Fiss Station during this Season.

TERMS . . . £4 4s.

Season to end and Mares to be removed by 31st December, 1879.

Every care taken of Mares, but no responsibility incurred.

I. LOUGHNAN.

6th October, 1879.

THE PURE THOROUGHBRED ENTIRE HORSE HARUHA

Will Travel this Season

IN THE WAKATIPU AND CROMWELL DISTRICTS.

Commencing October 17, and calling every alternate week on Fridays at Cromwell, and at Perriam's Saturday and Sunday.

HARUHA is a Bay Horse, stands 15½ hands, with great substance and quality, good constitution and temper. Got by Towton—dam Fair Puritan by Oliver Cromwell out of Coronaria (imported), by Sweetmeat out of Jessica, by Lancelot, own brother to Touchstone.

Towton (imported), own brother to the Peer and Marchioness, by Melbourne—dam Cinizelli by Touchstone.

Haruha is full brother to Orange Lightning, half-brother to Sinking Fund, Roebuck, Tambourini, Atalanta, Papapa, Korari, and Puriri (winner of the Dunedin Derby and Christchurch St. Leger). He was bred by Mr Redwood, and sold in 1872 as a yearling for 400 guineas.

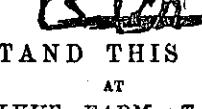
For further pedigree, see card.

TOM BEAUFORT,

Proprietor.

Arrowtown, Lake County,

8th September, 1879.



TO STAND THIS SEASON

AT BELLVUE FARM, TARRAS,

The Pure Clydesdale Stallion,

MARQUIS OF LORNE.

PEDIGREE:

MARQUIS OF LORNE, bred by J. F. Kitching, Esq., is a bright bay, rising three years old. Sire—Governor, bred by Mr Robert Charters, Moy, East Taieri; his sire is the illustrious stud horse Nimmo's Emperor by Napoleon, imported from Scotland, bred by Mr Macadam, Kepochloch. His sire is by Mr Buchan, of Coldrach's horse, and his dam a mare purchased from Lorn Campbell, Esq., of Roseneath, Emperor's dam, Nancy, a well-known Clydesdale mare, bred by Mr Alexander Findlay, Sandy Hills, near Glasgow. Nancy was got by the celebrated Garvay Horse, and her dam by Scotsman, the property of James Kirkwood, Kilmars. Dam—Matty (lately the property of Mr John Stevenson, East Taieri), by Thane of Clyde, bred by Mr Thomas Young, Renfrewshire, Scotland. Thane of Clyde's sire is the far-famed horse Surprise, bred by Mr Murdoch, Lanarkshire; his grand sire Wallace. Mr Stevenson sold Matty to Mr J. F. Kitching for 200 guineas. Matty's dam, Bell, is out of Duchess, imported from Tasmania. Matty was the winner of two first, three second and two third prizes at Dunedin, Taieri and Tokomairiro, prior to her being sold to Mr Kitching. Her dam, Bell, carried off no less than thirteen first, seven second and three third prizes. Duchess is the dam of the following noted Clydesdales:—Entires: Lord Glasgow (sold to Mr W. Holley, Canterbury), Rantin Robin (sold to Mr Carmichael), Surprise (sold to Mr J. Robertson) and Blair Athol (sold to same buyer). Mares: Jean; Bell (sold to Mr W. Holley); and Bay Filly (sold to Mr R. Gawn).

Nancy was got by the celebrated Garvay Horse, and her dam by Scotsman, the property of James Kirkwood, Kilmars. Dam—Matty (lately the property of Mr John Stevenson, East Taieri), by Thane of Clyde, bred by Mr Thomas Young, Renfrewshire, Scotland. Thane of Clyde's sire is the far-famed horse Surprise, bred by Mr Murdoch, Lanarkshire; his grand sire Wallace. Mr Stevenson sold Matty to Mr J. F. Kitching for 200 guineas. Matty's dam, Bell, is out of Duchess, imported from Tasmania. Matty was the winner of two first, three second and two third prizes at Dunedin, Taieri and Tokomairiro, prior to her being sold to Mr Kitching. Her dam, Bell, carried off no less than thirteen first, seven second and three third prizes. Duchess is the dam of the following noted Clydesdales:—Entires: Lord Glasgow (sold to Mr W. Holley, Canterbury), Rantin Robin (sold to Mr Carmichael), Surprise (sold to Mr J. Robertson) and Blair Athol (sold to same buyer). Mares: Jean; Bell (sold to Mr W. Holley); and Bay Filly (sold to Mr R. Gawn).

An Experienced Groom in charge of the Horse.

TERMS . . . £5 5s.

Groomage Fee, 5s, payable on the first Service.

A Paddock of 160 acres for Mares; every care taken, but no responsibility.

Season to end 1st February, 1880, when all fees must be paid or arranged for.

BELL BROTHERS,

Proprietors, Tarras.

October 6, 1879.

BEATTY

A 18 Stop Organ.

ONLY \$97

15 DAYS TEST TRIAL

Delivery to be taken from Magazine.

DALGETY, NICHOLS, AND CO.

Bond-street, Dunedin.

N.B.—Supplies may be obtained from

D. A. JOLLY & CO., Cromwell.

W. JENKINS, Arrowtown.

Delivery to be taken from Magazine.

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Delivery to be taken from Magazine.

DALGETY, NICHOLS, AND CO.

Bond-street, Dunedin.

Vintent County Gazette.

TAKE NOTICE.—The VALUATION

LISTS for the Ridings of Hawea, Lindis, Clutha, Kawarau, Nevis, Earnsleugh, Matakanui, Manuherikia, and Dunstan, in the Vintent County, for the year 1880-81, are now open for inspection at the County Offices, Clyde, and a copy of the Hawea, Lindis, Clutha, Kawarau, and Nevis Lists are also open for inspection at the Court House, Cromwell; and a copy of the Matakanui and Manuherikia Lists are also open for inspection at the Police Station, Blacks.

All objections to the Hawea, Lindis, Clutha, Kawarau and Nevis Lists must be left at the County Office, Cromwell Bridge, on or before the 15th day of February next, addressed to the Assessment Court; and a copy of every such objection must be left at the Office of the County Council, Clyde, not less than seven days before the next sitting of the said Court.

All objections to the Matakanui and Manuherikia Lists must be left at the Court House, Blacks, on or before the 15th day of February next, addressed to the Assessment Court, and a copy of every such objection must be left at the office of the County Council, Clyde, not less than seven days before the next sitting of the said Court.

All objections to the Dunstan and Earnsleugh Lists must be left at the Court House, Clyde, on or before the 15th day of February next, addressed to the Assessment Court, and a copy of every such objection must be left at the office of the County Council, Clyde, not less than seven days before the next sitting of the said Court.

GEORGE CLARK,
County Clerk.Vintent County Offices,
Clyde, 14th January, 1880.

N O T I C E.

The VALUATION LIST for the Borough of Cromwell for the year 1880 is now open for inspection at the Town Clerk's Office.

All objections thereto must be left at the Court House, Cromwell, on or before the 15th day of February, addressed to the Assessment Court; and a copy of every such objection must be left at my office not later than seven days before the next sitting of the Court.

JAS. MARSHALL,
Town Clerk.

Cromwell, January 16th, 1880.

BOROUGH OF ALEXANDRA.

TAKE NOTICE.

The VALUATION LIST for the Borough of Alexandra is now OPEN for INSPECTION at the Council Chambers, Alexandra.

All Objections thereto must be left at the Court-house, Alexandra, on or before the 15th day of February next, addressed to the Judge of the Assessment Court, and a copy of every such objection must be left with the Town Clerk not less than seven days before the next sitting of the said Court.

W. F. FORREST,
Town Clerk.E. M'CAFFREY,
PRACTICAL STONEWORKER AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR
QUEENSTOWN.

Monuments, Headstones, Memorial Crosses and Tablets cut to any design.

Stone for Building and Coping supplied according to agreement.

Pillars, suitable for any kind of large building, from 1ft to 20ft lengths, any thickness.

The above can be highly polished.

E. M'CAFFREY would beg to call particular attention to the stone, as the most eminent geologists at the Sydney Exhibition have pronounced the same to be imperishable, having a fine grain and capable of sustaining the finest ornamental work, which cannot be excelled in any part of the world. It is of a bright yellow color, which shows its brilliant nature.

Before building send for a sample of his stone, which will be forwarded per return of post.

Address:

E. M'CAFFREY,
QUEENSTOWN.

NEW ZEALAND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL ... £100,000,
In shares of £1 each

The undersigned is authorised to receive early APPLICATIONS for SHARES.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH.

WANTED, immediately, a SHEPHERD accustomed to high country. Six or twelve months' engagement. Apply,

J. DOVE,
Hawea Station.

FOUND, on Hawea Flat, a Silver Lever WATCH. Owner can have same on giving description and paying cost of advertisement.—Apply by letter to

JAMES DEWAR,
Mason, Arrowtown.

V INCENT RABBIT DISTRICT.

WANTED, a COLLECTOR and INSPECTOR for Vincent Rabbit District. Salary at the rate of £250 per annum.

Applications must be forwarded to the Chairman of Trustees, at Clyde, prior to the 16th February, 1880.

W. FRASER,
Chairman of Trustees.

THE ESTATE OF STADIUS S. GREAVER (DECEASED).

All Persons indebted to the above-named deceased are requested to PAY the amounts of their several ACCOUNTS to me or to Alex. Bathgate, Esq., Dunedin.

Also, all Persons having CLAIMS against the said Estate are requested to Forward the same to me or to Mr Bathgate on or before WEDNESDAY, the fourth day of February next.

N.B.—Any claim not sent in by the day named will be liable to be excluded from participation.

J. WOODWARD,
Public Trustee.

Public Trust Office,
Wellington, January 9, 1880.

O R D E R O F J U D G E.

In the Supreme Court of New Zealand, Wellington District, Friday, this ninth day of January, 1880.

Upon reading the Affidavits of Jonas Woodward, of Wellington, Public Trustee, and of Charles Colclough, Auctioneer, I do order that the Public Trustee shall be Administrator of all and singular the goods, chattels and credits of Stadius S. Greaver (or Graver), deceased, and that this order be published in THE CROMWELL ARGUS newspaper.

(Signed) JAMES PRENDERGAST, C.J.



C ROMWELL ANNUAL RACE MEETING, DECEMBER, 1880.

THE CROMWELL DERBY

A Sweepstakes of 5 sovs each for all acceptors, with 50 sovs added by the Club. Two sovs forfeit. For three-year-olds bred in Vincent, Lake and Maniototo Counties. Derby weights: Colts, 8st 10lbs; Fillies, 8st 5lbs. No allowance for geldings. Second horse to receive 20 per cent. of the stakes, and the third to save his stake. Distance, one mile and a half.

Nominations to be sent to the Secretary on or before the 24th day of May next; balance of sweep, £3, to be made good on night of general entry.

Declaration of forfeit to be made to the Secretary on or before Tuesday, the 9th day of November, 1880, or the nominator will be liable for the whole stake.

GEO. JENOUR,
Secretary.

D U N E D I N C U P.

To be run on 26th February, 1880.

CONSULTATION FEE, £1.

First	... ...	... ...	£1000
Second	... ...	... ...	500
Third	... ...	... ...	300
Other starters (divided)	... ...	... ...	1000
Non-starters (divided)	... ...	... ...	2000
		Total	£5000

The £1000 for other starters will average about £143 for each horse.

The £2000 for non-starters will average about £73 for each horse.

Applications should arrive before Monday 23rd February, or they may be late.

Send Post Office orders or registered letters. Cheques should be crossed and have 1s exchange added.

Two postage stamps necessary.

ALFRED A. CAMERON,
Box 251, or Prince of Wales Hotel,
Dunedin.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1880.

SATURDAY, 7TH FEBRUARY.

At 2 o'clock.

At Goodger's Livery Stables.

DRAUGHT HORSES DRAYS,

&c., &c.

TO FARMERS, CARTERS & OTHERS.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH will sell by public auction on Saturday, 7th February, 1880, at 2 p.m., on account of Mr G. W. Goodger,

A number of first-class Draught Horses, Saddle and Harness Horses, Drays, Harness, &c.

To clear surplus stock.

TERMS AT SALE.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH, Auctioneer.

V. R.

IN THE RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT, CROMWELL.

FREDERICK J. WILSON V. EDWARD THOMPSON.

I HEREBY Give Notice that, by virtue of a Distress Warrant in above suit to me directed, I shall sell by public auction, at 12 noon, on Saturday, 31st day of January, 1880, on the premises, Nevis Township—

All Right, Title and Interest (if any) of the above Defendant in and to the following property, viz.:—Two Horses, one Fire-proof Safe (by best maker) one Weighing Machine (new), one Eight-day Clock, and one No. V. Vesper Stove (nearly new),

Unless the amount of this warrant, with costs, be sooner satisfied.

TERMS CASH.

W. ROONEY,

Bailiff to the Resident Magistrate's Court. Cromwell 26th January, 1880.

V. R.

IN THE RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT, CROMWELL.

RICHARD ENGLISH V. EDWARD THOMPSON.

I HEREBY Notify that, by virtue of a Distress Warrant in the above suit to me addressed, I will Sell, at 1 p.m., on Saturday, the 31st day of January, 1880, on the premises, Nevis Township,

Sundry Goods and Chattels belonging to the above Defendant, consisting of Household Furniture, Chairs, Tables, Sofa, Beds and Bedding, Mirrors, Pictures, Gold Scales (superior quality), Counter Scales and Weights, Spring Balance, a quantity of Groceries, Carpenter Tools, Boots, two Guns, one Violin, together with a large quantity of useful articles, too numerous to mention,

Unless the above Claim and costs thereon be sooner paid.

TERMS CASH.

WILLIAM ROONEY,

Bailiff to Resident Magistrate's Cromwell. January 26, 1880.

V. R.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE OTAGO GOLDFIELDS, HOLDEN AT CROMWELL.

In the matter of the Debtors and Creditors Act, 1876, and all the amendments thereof; and in the matter of the Bankruptcy of EDWARD THOMPSON, of Nevis, Vincent County, Store-keeper, a Debtor.

This is to NOTIFY that the abovenamed Edward Thompson has this day filed a statement in the District Court that he is unable to meet his engagements with his Creditors. The first Meeting of Creditors to be held on TUESDAY the 3rd day of February, at eleven o'clock a.m., in the Court House, Cromwell.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1880.

S. MEAD DALGLIESH,

Clerk of District Court.

FRIDAY NEXT, JANUARY 30.

At 12 o'clock, sharp.

MINING INTERESTS FOR SALE.

ESTATE OF J. & G. MELLOR, TINKERS.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH will sell by auction, on Friday first, at 12 o'clock sharp, at Mrs Mellor's Newtown Hotel, Tinkers, on Friday next, 30th January, 1880, at Noon, prompt—

The undermentioned Valuable Mining Properties:—

One-half Share in Water Race, carrying four heads, situate at Devonshire Gully, and known as "Mellor and Morgan's;" also, One-half Share in Claim, Mining Tools, and Plant.

One-third Share in Water Races, carrying five heads, situate at Drybread, and known as the "Welshman's;" also, One-third Share in Two Claims, Mining Tools and Plant.

One-half Share in Head Races at Drybread, known as "Greenbank and Parry;" also, One-fourteenth Share in all Claims, Plant and Tail-races.

One Hundred Scrip in the "Golden Gate Gold Mining Company," situate at Wai Keri Keri Valley, Clyde.

TERMS AT SALE.

C. E. GUDGEON,
Trustee.

WATER RACE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE by private contract, ONE-HALF of the Race known as the LOWBURN RACE, being one of the best water rights in the district.

For particulars, apply,

CHAS. COLCLOUGH.

IRISH FAMINE RELIEF FUND.

I have respectfully to solicit the Subscriptions of those persons who sympathise with the Distress of their fellow-subjects in Ireland, and I have to express a hope that the usual generosity of the inhabitants of the Cromwell District will be exhibited upon the present occasion. A List will be at the office of Mr James Marshall, Town Clerk.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Mayor.



C ROMWELL KILWINNING LODGE (S.C.)

The REGULAR MEETING will be held on WEDNESDAY EVENING, 4th February, at 8 p.m.

Business : Installation of Officers.

By order of the R.W.M.

J. A. PRESHAW,

Secretary.

C ROMWELL RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

NOTICE.

GOVERNMENT INSPECTION

PARADE will take place in the Drill-hall on THURSDAY EVENING, February 5th.

D. A. JOLLY,

Lieut. Commanding.

D I V I N E S E R V I C E AT PEMBROKE.

REV. CHAS. CONNOR will (D.V.) conduct DIVINE SERVICE in the School-house, PEMBROKE, on the First and Third Sunday of each month, until further notice. The first Service will be on Sabbath, 1st February, commencing at three o'clock.

The serious depression which has so long existed in every industry throughout this district has not been lost sight of by W. TALBOY, who happily has been in a position to mitigate the evil to some extent by selling his Drapery and other Stock at prices lower than ever. By judicious cash purchases while the market was favorable, the proprietor of London House secured large stocks of splendid goods for spring and summer wear, and which he is enabled to dispose of at prices never before known in Cromwell. Every article of its kind is good and substantial, and will be found full value. Call and inspect before purchasing.—W. TALBOY'S London House, Cromwell.—[Advt.]

POSTAL NOTICE.

The next Frisco mail will close here at noon on Wednesday, 28th inst.

The next St. Suez mail will close here on Wednesday, February 14th, at noon.

W. T. WARD, Postmaster.

Cromwell Argus,

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1880.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

DUNEDIN, January 27, 10.50 a.m.

At the Heads: Canterbury, 75 days from Glasgow, with immigrants.

At the Dunedin school statutory meeting last night the free-thought party mustered strongly, turning the tables on the Bible in Schools Association and religious party. They put in their two candidates at the head of the poll,—Bolt obtained 435 votes, and and Gow, 140. Downie Stewart was among the rejected. Dick occupied the fifth position.

At the City Court yesterday, three milkmen were fined £10 and costs each for adulterating milk to the extent of 30 per cent. Nine other samples were taken, but they were not tampered with.

In the Supreme Court the case "Meldrum v. Proudfoot" is on, in which £2,000 damages is claimed in respect of a fatal accident on the Castle-street tramway.

The price of Adelaide wheat in London on 23rd was 58s 6d.

Thomas Trick, a well known settler at Wanganui has disappeared. It is feared he has committed suicide owing to financial troubles.

The Wellington Supreme Court has granted a rule nisi calling on Rees to show why he should not pay over £1,177 in his hands belonging to Natives.

The Wellington Chronicle apologises to Halcombe for libel.

£200 was collected in the Catholic churches of Christchurch in aid of the Irish famine.

At the Otaki races a youth named Mudgey was killed through his horse colliding with a lady. The latter is in a critical state.

Bella Seymour fell out of a buggy and was killed instantaneously at Christchurch.

Stephen Borton was run over by a dray, being killed instantaneously.

William Pierie, hotelkeeper, Parataio, died suddenly, and James Colyer, an old settler of Invercargill, has also died suddenly of apoplexy.

At Lawrence, George Noakes was drowned while bathing in an old coal pit.

The advance of the armed constabulary under the personal direction of the Native Minister, across the Wangaroa river on to the Waimate Plains, for the purpose of road-making, has commenced. From a telegram received from Mr Bryce there is no indication of any opposition on the part of the Maoris to construction of roads, and everything looks well at present. About 200 men have advanced, and are to encamp at a convenient spot about five miles north of Waingonoro, where a suitable site is being cleared for the camp.

The Irish Famine Fund in Melbourne has reached £9,000, and Sydney has remitted £3,500.

LATEST BY CABLE.

LONDON, January 24.

The *Spectator* warns Berry against relying on violent diatribes for a re-lease of power. The *Times* reiterates its approval of the nominee system as restoring to the Council the only possible power under a democratic constitution. The *Saturday Review* admits that modifying the power of the Council is necessary, and regrets moderation by Lords was wanting. It opposes Berry's scheme as needless and revolutionary.

The Queen has approved of the appointment of Sir William Robinson (brother to Sir Hercules) late Governor of the Straits Settlement, to succeed Sir Barry Ord as Governor of Western Australia.

Austria exhibits very largely at the Melbourne Exhibition.

January 25.

John Bright, in addressing a meeting at Birmingham, urged a revision of the land laws of Ireland.

The Boers have resolved to appoint Paul Kruger as acting president of the South African republic. The following were the resolutions adopted—"That the people bind themselves solemnly not to sell or supply to or buy from those who co-operate with British authorities here against the independence of the country."—"That if the British Government refuse to grant independence by 6th of April next in a friendly way, the people consider themselves bound to destroy all writings, books, or documents in the English, prohibit their children from speaking English in their houses, refuse hospitality to Englishmen or to those in favor of the English, and will not render them assistance or protection on the roads."

INTERCOLONIAL.

MELBOURNE, January 25.

The Queensland loan has been deferred.

Numerous applications for space in the Exhibition have been received from leading British manufacturers, and the decision to provide additional space gives general satisfaction.

SALE OF STREET FRONTAGES.

In accordance with advertisement appearing in these columns for some weeks back, the frontages to Melmore-Terrace, accruing from the narrowing of the street-line from Murray-street up to Achil-street, were offered for sale by auction to-day in the Town Hall—Mr Colclough officiating. The greater portion of the land has been occupied—or, more properly, "squatted" upon—by a considerable section of townspeople, and the desire to acquire a firmer tenure of their holdings was evident by the large attendance at the sale. There was also present many who are not located on the land, some among whom also became purchasers. Out of 44 allotments brought under the hammer, 24 were sold at prices ranging from upset, 20s per foot, to 40s per foot, the highest figure obtained. Previous to commencing the sale, the auctioneer read the terms and conditions, the title being given under section 187 of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1876." We are informed that, approximately, the sale realised a sum of about £1500. The following list shows the purchasers and price per foot obtained for the sections sold. The frontages average about 33 feet:—

No. of Section	Purchaser	Price per foot
1	D. MacKellar	£2 0
2	Mrs S. Kelly	1 0
3	C. M'Kenna	1 6
4	D. A. Jolly	1 4
5	W. T. Talboys	1 3
6	do	1 8
7	J. Solomon	1 5
8	D. MacKellar	1 0
9	W. Taylor	1 0
11	Jas. Richards	1 0
12	J. Dawkins	1 8
13	G. W. Goodger	2 0
14	do	1 0
15	E. Lindsay	1 0
16	R. Olds	1 15
17	J. S. Barnes	1 2
18	do	1 9
19	do	1 3
20	E. M'Nulty	1 0
21	do	1 0
24	H. Young	1 0
25	H. Behrens	1 0
29	D. Murley	1 0
44	J. Marsh	1 9

The County Council meets at Clyde to-morrow, at noon.

Applications are elsewhere invited from persons competent to fill the position of Collector and Inspector for the Vincent Rabbit District.

A cricket match has been arranged for Saturday first between the Bendigo and Cromwell clubs, on the ground of the latter. Wickets will be pitched at noon, and play commences at half-past twelve. The visiting team is said to be in good form, and a close game may be expected.

It is not improbable that in a few days the district will be visited by Mr Rolleston, Minister of Lands, and Mr Oliver, Minister of Works. Our local authorities should be ready to lay before these gentlemen the requirements of the town and district—and they are many—in the hope that some practical results may follow. Of late years we have been favored with many promises, but no performance, on the part of visiting Ministers.

The date of the second meeting of the New Zealand National Rifle Association is quickly approaching, but we have not yet heard of there being any representatives likely to be present from among the Lake District Volunteers. From the three companies a thoroughly good shooting team could be made up, who we are sure would give a satisfactory account of themselves at the Nelson meeting. We would suggest that the three companies make a combined effort to send one or two men each, voting a sum out of the funds towards paying part of the expenses, stipulating that if any man should win say £20 in prizes the expenses should be returned to the company to which he belongs. This system is adopted in other Districts, and it strikes us as a wise one, worthy of imitation.

A meeting of the Committee of the Cromwell Jockey Club was held at Heron's hotel last night. There was a good attendance, and Mr Freshaw presided. The business was to wind up the affairs of the past season, and to make arrangements for the Derby of 1880. Accounts to the amount of £58 6s 2d were passed for payment, after considerable discussion over finances, the Treasurer's statement showing a deficiency of £20 on the past year's proceedings—chiefly owing to the Derby being a non-productive race, and entailing some additional expense. It was decided to continue the Cromwell Derby, the prize being a sweep-stake of 5 sovereigns for acceptors, with 50 sovereigns added money. Conditions similar to last year. It was resolved to embrace the three Counties of Vincent, Lake, and Maniototo as the bounds from within which nominations could be received for the Derby.

The annual treat afforded the youngsters of Cromwell and surrounding locality came off on Friday afternoon last near Goodger's brewery, on the Clyde road. The children mustered at two o'clock in the Athenaeum Hall, and thence marched to the place of recreation. There was a very large muster of our future men and women, and their fresh healthy appearance and tasteful dress pointed unmistakeably to the salubrity of our climate and the well-to-do condition of residents. Arrived on the ground, the ladies and gentlemen who kindly undertook the management of the affair proceeded to distribute abundance of the good things provided for the delectation of the youthful palate, after which games and pastimes in suitable variety were got up and indulged in most heartily. Towards evening a large number of lads and lasses and not a few staid married folks gathered at the scene of enjoyment, additional circles for "kiss-in-the-ring" were formed, and mirth abounded. An hour previous to breaking-up the wind rose, bringing the usual accompaniment of dust, and this was the only thing that in any way marred the day's pleasure.

INTERCOLONIAL.

MELBOURNE, January 25.

The Queensland loan has been deferred.

Numerous applications for space in the Exhibition have been received from leading British manufacturers, and the decision to provide additional space gives general satisfaction.

Colonel Scratchley, K.C.M.G., is now in Dunedin, with the object of reporting upon the best sites for placing batteries for defence purposes.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint William Jenkins, Esq., Mayor of Arrowtown, to be a Justice of the Peace under the Municipal Corporations Act, 1876.

In another column will be found a review of "Captain" Barry's "Up and Down," this being the title of the book just published for him in London. We have not yet seen the volume, but apparently Cromwell figures in it pretty largely, and that not in a style creditable to the "leading citizens" in the days when Barry was king. The *Morning Herald* has got the "Captain's" measure properly, and estimates him just at his true worth.

The Presbyterian Synod of Otago and Southland closed its session on Thursday. The Revs. Ryley and Greig were appointed delegates to the Northern Synod; Rev. Dr. Stuart representative of the Synod at the Pan-Presbyterian Council to be held in Philadelphia; and the Revs. Will and Battnerman representatives at the Presbyterian Conference to be held in Melbourne in November. The Rev. John Christie, of Waikouaiti, was elected Moderator for next year's session.

The Waitabadger bushrangers, Scott alias Moonlight, and Rogan, were executed privately at Sydney, on Tuesday last. Scott's confession and autobiography have been handed to Canon Rich. It is expected they may form the subject of inquiry into the Egerton Bank robbery. They are said to implicate others of conspiracy. Scott denied, to the last, having shot Constable Bowen, or being concerned in the death of Mr Bates the actor. He wrote voluminously. Mrs Amess, his affianced wife, attended him to the last, and defrayed the cost of his funeral.

The special jury case re the will of the late David Calder, an action to set aside the will of the testator, was concluded on Thursday, and the Jury, after a very short consultation, answered the issues in favor of the defendants—John and George Calder, the executors under the will. The Jury found that at the time the will was executed the testator was of what is technically termed a "disposing mind," being of sound mind, memory, and understanding. The issue raised by the plaintiffs was that undue influence, amounting to coercion, had been exercised over him by one of his children.

The *Morning Herald* learns that the question of the Railway Headquarters has been decided by Government. Mr Conyers will return to Dunedin. The Otago railway work will be executed at the Hillside Workshops, which are to be repaired and refitted for that purpose. The Addington workshops, now lying idle and empty, are to be fitted up, and the work for the Christchurch section will be done there. The Government, we believe, intend to make the Dunedin Station as complete and convenient as the Christchurch one is at present. We congratulate Otago upon the success of its endeavors to obtain justice. While the Government continue to act in so fair and independent a manner, we trust their shadow may never grow less.

Referring to the late fatal accident to a marksman at the Volunteer Rifle range, Wellington, the *Post* says:—"Just as Chemis was in the act of firing, the deceased suddenly appeared from behind the target carrying the "danger" flag in his hand, but it was too late, for Chemis had already pulled the trigger, and the bullet was speeding towards its victim. It is impossible to say what could have been the object of deceased in going in front of the target, because he had already marked the previous shot. Chemis' bullet struck Donald in the right ear and went through his head, coming out on the other side, and striking the target on the centre. Deceased was only 35 years of age. He was a laborer, but had been out of work for some time. He leaves a widow and five young children, who are totally unprovided for."

It will be remembered that some months since a teacher at Tuapeka Mouth, D. M. Scott—formerly schoolmaster at Queenstown and afterwards at Macetown—was dismissed by the Education Board for tampering with the roll of pupils. A good many people were at the time of opinion that the punishment was unnecessarily severe, and the career of the unfortunate man since his dismissal appears to justify the conclusion. We read in one of last week's Dunedin papers that Scott was brought up at the Police Court charged with having no lawful means of support. It was stated that accused went to the station the previous day and asked to be taken into custody. He said he was utterly destitute, and that he had not had any food that day. His Worship committed him to gaol for seven days. Scott is a man of superior intelligence, and it is sad to record that he has so come down in the social scale.

On Saturday evening a public meeting was held at Alexandra for the purpose of forming a committee to collect subscriptions in aid of the Irish Distress Relief Fund. The Mayor, who presided, explained that he had convened the meeting in consequence of receiving a circular from the Central Committee, asking the co-operation of the country districts. He made a brief address, referring to the distress at present existing in Ireland, and said that he was sure that the people of the district would assist in alleviating it as far as lay in their power. Mr V. Pyke (who had entered the room) at the request of the Mayor addressed those present. He said he had convened a meeting for the same evening at Clyde, but, he was sorry to say that it had lapsed in consequence of no one attending. Mr Pyke, in the course of his remarks, drew an eloquent picture of the present widespread distress in Ireland, numbers of people being actually starving, and urged that whatever was done should be done with promptitude, reminding them that "he who gives quickly gives twice." A Committee consisting of the following gentlemen was elected for the purpose of canvassing the district:—Messrs Rivers, M'Donald, Robertson, Ryan, Brent, Tobill, McGinnis, Pattison, Finlay, W. G. Kees, J. Butler and W. F. Forrest, secretary. The sum of £18 was subscribed by those present in the room, and after a vote of thanks to the chairman, and to Mr Pyke for his address, the meeting dissolved.

The Vincent Rabbit District Trustees held their first meeting at Clyde on 17th inst. The full Board, viz., Messrs W. Fraser, R. Stewart, Jas. Cowan, H. F. Willmott, and John Butler, were present, of whom Mr Fraser was elected Chairman, and Mr Stewart was elected Treasurer. It was resolved—that advertisements be inserted in the local papers inviting applications for the offices of Collector and Inspector, salary to be at the rate of £250 per annum. Discussion ensued relative to the rats to be struck, after which the meeting was adjourned till 17th February, at Clyde.

Friday's Mail reports that Mr Warden Stratford in company with a friend met with an awkward capsize the previous morning, just after leaving Queenstown for the Arrow. His horse shied and became restive at the sight of some pack-horses bringing wool into town. The trap was run up a bank, the occupants were thrown out, and horse and empty vehicle made rapid headway for Queenstown. On turning rather sharply round a corner the trap was thrown up in the air leaving the horse at liberty, with shafts and harness attached. The horse returned to the Queen's Arms Stables uninjured, but the buggy was damaged nigh past repair, and Mr Stratford received a severe shaking and bruising—but was not severely hurt. His companion escaped free.

CROMWELL PUBLIC SCHOOL.

The Committee of the Cromwell School met last evening—Mr Freshaw in the chair.

Minutes of previous meeting having been read and confirmed,

The annual report and balance-sheet were submitted and approved.

Circulars from candidates for the vacancies at the Education Board were laid on the table. These were from Messrs Fulton, Fergus, and Clark. On the motion of Mr S. N. Brown, seconded by Mr Marshall, Messrs Fulton and Fergus were nominated.

The meeting then closed with the usual courtesy to the chairman.

STATUTORY MEETING.

The annual statutory meeting of householders then took place. The attendance was very limited, only about a dozen persons being present.

Mr Freshaw having been voted to the chair, before opening the business of the meeting, complained of the lack of interest displayed by parents in the school work, as evidenced by the small number present. It was anything but encouraging to the Committee to find parents so apathetic in the important matter of their children's education. Before proceeding to the election of a new Committee, he would request the secretary to read the

ANNUAL REPORT.

Your Committee, at time of taking office, took over from their predecessors a responsibility of £75 per annum, being a subsidy to the teacher beyond the salary then allowed by the Board. When Mr Walker's resignation was accepted, in June last, the sum of £37 10s was due to him. This was raised partly by subscription and partly by sale of harmonium. When Mr Walker resigned, the school was closed about three weeks, until the appointment of Mr and Mrs Mahoney, who were strongly recommended by the Board, and who were appointed at the salary as per scale. The average attendance at end of 1878 was 79; during the past year it has considerably increased, and at the end of 1879 it had risen to 94.

The school wall, which was considerably damaged during the floods of September, 1878, has been repaired at a cost of £40, one half of which was provided by the Board, and the other half was a donation from the Borough Council. Your Committee thought it necessary to continue the wall round the back of the master's residence at a cost of about £12. This is a great improvement, as in winter the drainage from the hill continually caused the ground to slip. A large amount of excavation was necessary after the completion of the new building, and a further improvement has been made by filling up and levelling the school ground and making a good approach to the school. The liabilities outstanding for improvements and repairs lately made to the residence are about £30. An old liability of about £28 is also due to Mr MacKellar. Your Committee have been unable from want of funds to do anything towards liquidating the debt, but we would beg to impress on our successors the necessity of taking some steps to get the debt cleared off.

Seven Committee meetings have been held during the year, and the attendance of members has been as follows:—J. A. Freshaw, 6; D. A. Jolly, 5; C. E. Gudgeon, 5; C. Colclough, 5; S. N. Brown, 3; J. Solomon, 1; J. Marshall, 7.

The balance-sheet for the twelve months ended 31st December showed receipts from the Board to be £65, from other sources, £58 2s, making, with a balance of £2 15s 4d brought forward from previous year, a total of £115 17s 4d. The expenditure amounted to £109 1s 5d, the chief items being repairs, fuel and cleaning, addition to Mr Walker's salary, and re-building school wall. The balance in hand was £6 15s 1d.

On the motion of Mr Murrell, seconded by Mr Wright, the report and balance-sheet as read were adopted.

The following gentlemen were then elected as a School Committee for the ensuing year:—Messrs J. A. Freshaw, J. Marshall, T. Wright, D. A. Jolly, E. Murrell, S. N. Brown, and D. MacKellar.

The Chairman announced that the first meeting of Committee would be held on the evening of Friday, 30th inst., and the proceedings closed.

ARROWTOWN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

January 24.

Our Municipal Council is again in the market with its endowment and borough extension. The latter is now offered to the public on a plan by which intending purchasers can make their own terms, and under these circumstances the land is bound to be occupied. The present survey is to be adhered to, but the sections are offered on a 21 years' lease, "without reserve."

Harvest operations have in one or two instances been commenced, but the harvest will not have the same effect on business as it had in former years, because there are not so many acres sown, the crops throughout the district hardly come up to the average of former years, and, above all, the reapers and binders introduced last year will tend to a reduction of the hands employed.

Fishing is pretty systematically prosecuted in Hayes' Lake and Creek, and what with the supply arriving occasionally from Livermargill, the town is fairly supplied with fresh fish at moderate prices.

The mining excitement about the Maccotown reefs continues, and all scrip is either firm or advancing in value. The Advance Peak Co. has started operations, and will no doubt give a good return for what is left of the present season. Owing to the elevated position of this mine, work has to be suspended after the first snowfall.

Arrowtown is not going to be behind in the expression of its sympathy with the distress in Ireland, and it is to be hoped that the result of the efforts now being made in this and other Australasian colonies will go a long way to relieve the sufferers. It is to be regretted that more efficient means of raising funds in Arrowtown for this object have been forestalled by an invitation by the town clerk to amateurs to assist at a concert. This line of entertainment has lately been rather overdone in Arrowtown; scarcely a month has passed by for some time back which did not bring with it two or more such events. It is rumored that the promoter intends to contest the next general election for the House of Representatives; whether this has anything to do with his somewhat forward action in this matter, I cannot tell.

Two boxes of American whitefish ova arrived at Queenstown last week, and, Queenstown-like, they were shifted about from place to place with fatal result to a portion, and ultimately the lot appears to have been liberated in Lake Wakatipu. Why have none of them been sent Arrowward? I presume the Queenstown people—who appear to have the bump of acquisitiveness largely developed, sticking to all they can lay their hands on—in this case, as in many others, will let none of the good things come here if they can help it. It was only the other day that the upper crust over there tried to get His Excellency the Governor to break his word and leave Arrowtown out of his printed programme of visitation. Possibly on the same principle we are not to have any whitefish. A friend of mine tells me that he spoke with Mr Deans on the subject some months ago when some ova were expected; that gentleman then assured him that when the ova did arrive some would be sent to Hayes Lake—in fact I think Mr Deans was over here and made some arrangements for their reception. I suppose we must wait our time, as it would be of little use to ask the Queenstown appropriators to disgorge.

Military matters are looking up. The formation of the Queenstown corps into an artillery brigade has vastly enhanced the feeling of public security throughout the district, and when it became known that they had actually sent to Dunedin for one gun—aye, one gun!—the most faint-hearted of our women (*wie lesen sie dies?*) felt at once reassured, despite recent threatening complications on the continent, and a probability of England being involved. Well, it is only fair that Queenstown should make some reparation for its acts of depredation, and a little display of valor is a very cheap way of doing it.

The craze seems to have affected the Arrow Volunteers also, though not to quite such an alarming extent. They contented themselves by changing their colors, and came out last Saturday in scarlet coats and black trousers, instead of as heretofore in true blue. As far as mere outward show is concerned, the change must be pronounced an improvement; but how many showers of rain and squalls of dust the "show" will out-live, time alone can tell. However, a great deal may be effected by the introduction of umbrellas, which could easily be fixed to the rifles.

The Queenstown Dramatic Club gave a performance in the Arrow Atheneum last Saturday night, in aid of the Queenstown Garrison band. The state of proficiency to which the band has been brought by its present master reflects creditably upon all concerned. The band, as at present constituted, is well worthy of public support, and it is gratifying to note that a fair house assembled to witness the performance in its aid. Again I may note that a partly filled house and two prices of admission were coincident, and that all the full and crowded houses we have witnessed in Arrowtown were on occasions where but one price was charged. The performance, which consisted of the farces of "Borrowed Plumes" and "The Academy of Stars" was of a fair description of the amateur representation; every actor and actress was well up in his or her part. Some instrumental music by several members of the brass band was given during the intermission between the two pieces, the cornet solos by Mr Nancarrow being especially admired.

WASTE LANDS BOARD.

The following business of local interest was dealt with at last week's meeting of the Board:

LOWER HAWEA DISTRICT.

Charles Colclough, for Thomas Johnston, applied for a reduction in the price of his deferred-payment land, section 20, block V., Lower Hawea District, from £3 to 30s per acre.

It was decided that the Board had no power to do so.

PEMBROKE.

The Secretary of the Library Committee at Pembroke applied for one acre of land adjoining section 1, block VIII., Pembroke, to be reserved as a site for a public library hall, and enclosing recommendation by the Land Officer at Arrow that the request be complied with.

It was resolved to recommend the Governor to comply with the request on the survey being made.

ARROWTOWN.

Mr J. T. Burrell, the purchaser of certain lands at Arrowtown during a recent sale, requested to be refunded a portion of the amount of purchase-money, the land having been since reduced in price.

The Board decided they had no power to grant the request.

KAWARAU.

The consideration of the recommendation by Warden Stratford that an extension of time be granted to the executors of the late W. N. Scheib, to allow them to make arrangements for working the coalpit at Kawarau, was postponed until next meeting.

THE GARDEN.

Kitchen Garden.—Advantage should be taken of dry weather, to eradicate weeds, which have been very luxuriant this season. Hand-weeding is at all times the best mode of doing this as the roots are taken out clean from the soil, a matter of some importance with such fleshy-rooted pests as thistles and dandelions. If time cannot be found for this, the weeds should be cut down and removed to the rubbish heap before the seed ripens. To thoroughly destroy weeds, there is nothing like burning, and if properly managed, a fire may be kept slowly smouldering for months, leaving a valuable mass of burnt earth containing potash. Push forward all operations of planting and pricking out winter stuff, and the sowing of necessary rotation crops. Sow at once good breadths of lettuce and radish, also of turnips for succession.

Flower Garden.—The seed pods must be removed from rhododendrons to strengthen the new growth which forms the base of next year's bloom. Tall growing subjects such as dahlias and hollyhocks should be securely staked. Attend to pegging down the shoots of all trailing plants, especially of petunia and phlox Drummondii. Layer carnations and picotees, and put in cuttings of tulips in sandy soil on a shady border. Continue to propagate all varieties of soft wooded plants which it is desirable to increase. Geraniums will strike best at this period of the year if the cuttings are put in the open border.

Fruit Garden.—The fruit trees having been summer-pruned, as before advised, the apple trees should be carefully dressed with kerosene wherever blight shows itself, using a small-sized painter's brush for the purpose.

Grape vines should have all lateral shoots

shortened in, whereby the fruit is greatly strengthened, and on the first appearance of mildew—which may be readily detected by the ashy appearance of the foliage, and also similar colored spots on the fruit—a good dusting of sulphur must be applied either by

means of the sulphurator or from a flour dredger. Some kinds of early apples are about getting ripe, and should be gathered before they get too soft. The strawberry crop being over, all runners not required for future planting should be at once cleared away, and the ground between the plants relieved of all weeds and the surface well stirred with hoe or digging fork. This practice gives the plants renewed strength for next year's fruiting.

A good method of keeping rabbits from trees is to take a bar of ordinary washing soap and a little water and rub the soap on the tree until you have a good dry soapy covering, which will last, in anything like fine weather, for at least a year, and keep the tree so that no rabbit will touch it.

The following is a capital receipt for covering preserves:—"Fill the jars or bottles, but not quite close to the top; cut squares of calico large enough to cover the mouth of the jar and fall over the bottle a little over an inch; make boiled starch very stiff, spread thickly over the pieces of calico, and put on the bottles, starch inwards. It requires no tying, and is perfectly air-tight, the starch forming a glaze when dry.

Holloway's Pills.—The sudden changes, frequent fogs, and pervading dampness sorely impede the vital functions and conduct to ill-health. The remedy for these disasters lies in some purifying medicine, like these Pills, which is competent to grapple with the mischief at its source, and stamp it out without fretting the nerves or weakening the system. Holloway's Pill's extract from the blood all noxious matters, regulate the action of every disorderly organ, stimulate the liver and kidneys, and relax the bowels. In curing chest complaints these Pills are remarkably effective, especially when aided by friction of the Ointment on its walls. This double treatment will ensure a certain, steady, and beneficent progress, and sound health will soon be re-established.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN NEWS.

[BY CABLE.]

(FROM DUNEDIN DAILIES.)

LONDON, January 20.

Jules Favre is dead.

The Indian revenue exceeds the estimate by £3,500,000.

The Pope is ill. He is irritated at Bishop Maclosky of New York upholding Mr Parnell, M.P.

The Right Hon. H. C. E. Childers has seen the Prince of Wales regarding the Melbourne Exhibition, and is confident of his support.

It is expected that Mr Childers' proposals re postal rates will be agreed to.

WASHINGTON, January 20.

Parnell has been granted the use of the House of Representatives to address the members on the Irish land question.

LONDON, January 21.

It is understood that the Home Rulers in the House of Commons have resolved to prevent work during the present session, with the object of obtaining increased attention to the state of affairs in Ireland.

A terrible explosion occurred to-day at Leycest Colliery, Staffordshire; 79 miners were killed.

The next series of wool auctions, is fixed for February 17th. Arrivals to date amount to 50,000 bales. The total probable quantity to be offered, including that left over from last auctions, is 250,000 bales. The quantity of new arrivals to be included in the sales has been restricted by the Importers' Committee to 250,000 bales.

Germany founds convict colonies in the Southern Islands.

Dr Kraul has been gazetted German Consul-General for Australia.

The resolution to vote to the Irish Distress Fund half a million dollars by Congress has been referred to a Committee.

The Earl of Beaconsfield is ill with bronchitis.

By explosions in the Hartley mines at Newcastle, 150 miners have been killed.

BERLIN, January 21.

It is stated here that Germany intends to acquire some of the South Sea Islands in order to increase her influence in the Pacific.

January 22.

The Government have introduced a Bill in the German Reichstag for the purpose of increasing the army by 60,000 men.

LONDON, January 22.

The Daily News to-day publishes a telegram from Afghanistan, stating that Mahomed Jan has gathered a large force, and is now threatening the British positions in and around Cabul.

A large meeting of Home Rulers has been held, at which, on the motion of The O'Donohue, a vote of sympathy was passed with the Irish peasantry in their intense distress, and in their resistance to the landlords. A resolution was adopted at the same meeting binding the Home Rulers to retain an independent attitude in Parliament.

The wool sales commence on February 17th. The arrivals to date comprise over 40,000 bales. At the forthcoming sales at least 250,000 bales will be offered.

The latest news from Afghanistan states that a force of 20,000 men, chiefly Ghilzais, is advancing on Cabul. General Roberts telegraphs that it is necessary to maintain a strong British force there.

A German convict settlement on one of the most southerly of the Navigator Islands is contemplated.

The Marchioness of Lorne returns to Canada to-morrow.

Work in connection with the Panama canal scheme has been commenced.

It is stated that the Orient Company refuse to carry mails to Australia.

ST. PETERSBURG, January 22.

The Golos of to-day announces that the Russian Government have received authentic information that Odessa has been discovered to be undermined to a great extent, and that the city is believed to be in danger of destruction.

LONDON, January 23.

Sir Henry Bulwell, Lieutenant-Governor of Natal, has been appointed Governor of Western Australia.

NEW YORK, January 23.

It is currently reported here that the English Government have decided to intervene in the war between Chili and Peru.

LONDON, January 24.

The distress throughout Ireland is increasing and universal appeals are being made.

VIENNA, January 24.

Austria is co-operating with the Melbourne International Exhibition. She will be a large exhibitor.

REVIEW OF CAPTAIN BARRY'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY.

[Abridged from the Morning Herald.]

This maiden effort in book-making by a great man is now before us—and a very respectable volume it looks in its brilliant red cloth cover and gilt edges. The paper and print are all that heart could desire. The Captain's "veracious history," as he himself terms it, is dedicated, by permission, to his "old fellow-colonist and well-wisher," Sir George Grey. "It may be interesting to people one hundred years hence to see what sort of folk we were at this date, how we lived, how we employed ourselves and so on." And, truly, if posterity accept this Autobiography as an authority on colonial life during the first fifty years of its history, it will give them a very high opinion of our enterprise and a very low one of our civilisation.

The Autobiography opens with the author's "early reminiscences." These include his birth

in 1819, and other adventures up to the year 1828. His father was a veterinary surgeon whose practice lay—not among cows and horses—but among "the nobility and gentry." The father in operating on these distinguished persons, took his son, to assist him we presume, and while "we were staying at Lord Braybrooke's in Essex" Sir John Alcock took a liking to the embryo captain, and requested permission to take him on a journey round the world. Sir John and young Barry, with 250 "free" passengers sailed in the Red Rover for New South Wales. Great stress is laid by our author on the fact that the passengers were *free*, and not convicts—although what induced them to emigrate to such an uncomfortable place as Sydney was then not very clear. After many hair-breadth escapes, Barry arrived in the colony, ran away from Sir John, and joined himself to a "gentleman of the name of Smith," an ex-convict and friend of Barry's. The first 200 pages of the Autobiography are taken up with an account of Captain Barry's Australian, Indian, and American adventures. He was haled up by bushrangers, speared by Malays, attacked by cholera in Calcutta, and afterwards by *delirium tremens*, placed the Union Jack on a captured port at Canton in 1840, and was shipwrecked about twice a year on an average. At length he went whaling, and, like the old woman tossed up in a blanket, was sent heavenward on one occasion by a blow from the tail of a whale, and on another occasion was taken down to the depths through being fastened to one end of a line to which a whale was fastened at the other end. It was while engaged in this very exciting occupation that Barry obtained his title of "Captain," he having had command of the Flying Fish during a two years' cruise. Of course, Captain Barry got married; but the lady proposed to the Captain, although it was not leap year, and after having broken her leg and some ribs in an equestrian exhibition, took him for better or worse. Mrs Captain Barry No. 1, however, died in the most decorous manner as soon as it became expedient for her husband to go to California.

There is little of interest in Captain Barry's career in New Zealand. His hair-breadth escapes are as numerous as they were in the earlier part of his history, but the music is pitched to a lower key. He commenced his career here as a fish hawker, and ended it as a bankrupt auctioneer. In February, 1862, the Captain and his family arrived at Port Chalmers, bringing with him 70 horses, a number of spring-carts, and some harness. The Otago gold fever was then at its height, and he found a good market for his merchandise. The book is taken up with chronicling his visits to the various rushes—Waitahuna, Gabrie's Gully, Dunstan, Hindon, Shotover, West Taieri, and Cromwell, where he eventually settled down—for a time at least. Of course he made the acquaintance of Messrs Burgess, Kelly, and Sullivan, whom he describes as the three greatest Thugs ever known. He had also the honor of showing hospitality to Sir George Grey, then Governor. On parting with the Captain, the Governor was pleased to say that "he had never been entertained by any one as the Mayor of Cromwell entertained him,"—a somewhat equivocal compliment. Upon the incorporation of Cromwell, Captain Barry was elected Mayor, and held the office, much to his detriment, for a period of three years. What can our friends at Home think of a colony, in which a gentleman who would act as follows occupied the exalted position of Mayor? During his temporary absence from Cromwell, his councillors passed a vote of censure upon the Captain. On returning to town, he called a meeting of the Council. "The ratepayers mustered in great force expecting some fun. They were not disappointed. I called upon the Town Clerk to read the minutes of the three meetings held during my absence. The book was then handed to me to sign, to confirm the said minutes. I took it in my hand and said, 'Gentlemen, before signing my own condemnation, I should like to know what this vote of censure upon my conduct was passed for; I consider it a most cowardly proceeding. I am sorry that courtesy compels me to address you as gentlemen; for had there been one such among you, this action of the Council would never have been permitted; the vote was most uncalled for.' On this, a great sensation was visible, and some of the councillors commenced wrangling. I called them several times to order, and finding I could not restore peace, I ordered the public to leave the hall, and told the clerk to lock the door and hand me the key. He refused to do so, and I locked it myself and put the key in my pocket. The row among the councillors still continued, so I told the Clerk to clear away the furniture and we would 'have it out.' At this stage two of the councillors fell to fistfights, one of them crying out, 'If there was any fighting to be done, he was about.' Seeing that this was the man who had proposed the vote of censure, I stepped up and at once knocked him down. Two of the other councillors leaped through the window. Finding matters had gone beyond my control I opened the door, and the rest appeared glad to retreat."

At Wetherstones he went into the Holloway's Ointment speculation. His boisterous skirmishes, he discovered, were good for chilblains; so he scented them up and sold them to the diggers as "Barry's Mixture" at half-a-guinea a phial. But things did not prosper with the Captain. He turned auctioneer, and for a time did well, but spent more than he earned. He turned publican, but could not make it pay. He took to betting on horse-races, with indifferent luck. He went into the soft-goods line, and made large profits, but found himself poorer in the long-run. A cock-and-bull story of property worth £100,000 having been left him in Australia, took him there once more. The journey came to nothing, beyond some drunken sprees. He came back, and turned scientific lecturer, and went on the stump. His science was hardly abreast of the age. His second wife having died, his sons deserted him, and for a time he was half-starving at Queenstown, when the brilliant idea of writing his autobiography was put into his head. It developed into giving lectures on his life, and getting subscribers to his book; and if the story of his success is accurate, the publishers must have printed a large number of "Up and Down." The Captain does not disclose the fact that he was sent Home by a paternal Government, but describes himself as an independent gentleman, who will in due course return to New Zealand and his beloved Cromwell to end his days.

PROVINCIAL AND COLONIAL.

By the next San Francisco steamer a party of 20 or 30 Mormon converts from Canterbury leave for Utah.

Trickett has announced his intention of proceeding to England to row against Hanlon, the Canadian sculler.

The proprietors of the Totalizator, at the late Wanganui races, netted £80 2s as commission on the investments made in the new machine.

The Kaiwarra Rifle Company intend asking subscriptions from all the Volunteer companies throughout the colony in aid of the widow of Francis Donald, who was accidentally shot at the rifle range on Saturday week.

It is stated that in consequence of the wet weather prevailing in Sydney on the 27th December, the New Zealand court at the Exhibition was flooded, and that all the exhibits had to be removed, and that some of them were considerably damaged.

A contemporary says it is reported in Wellington that Sir G. Grey is going home to the Old Country shortly, and that it is not unlikely he may be a candidate for an Irish constituency in the Home Rule interest at the next general election.

A man named Clarkson, undergoing a sentence of 10 years' penal servitude in Lyttelton gaol, attempted escape last week from the hard-labor gang. He was pursued and fired at, and soon stopped. Two persons coming down the hill were nearly shot by the warders, who missed the prisoner.

At a public dinner in one of the Australian colonies, a learned Judge of sprightly disposition, in response to a complimentary toast, spoke of his own strict impartiality. He informed those present of the remarkable domestic fact that he had born him 18 children, nine by his first wife and nine by his second; nine boys and nine girls; nine born in one colony and nine in another; twins twice, once twin boys, once twin girls.

It is said that "The reason why express search has been ordered to be made in Zululand for the Prince Imperial's watch is that, attached to the chain, His Highness wore that relic (a fragment of the true Cross) which belonged to Charlemagne, came into the hands of the First Napoleon, and was always worn by the late Emperor, who regarded it, in that curious semi-superstitious way of his, as something of the character of a talisman."

A recent issue of the *Oban Telegraph*, a West Highland paper, states that "the shootings on the estate of Kingairlock, near Fortwilliam, have been let to the Right Hon. Douglas M'Lean, son of the worthy old Highlander who governed New Zealand." Mr Douglas M'Lean is the only son of the late Sir Donald M'Lean, and has succeeded to his father's New Zealand estates, which are said to be worth £18,000 a year; but Mr M'Lean is not entitled to the appellation of "Right Honorable," and it is certain that his father never governed New Zealand.

A private Volunteer Court of Inquiry was held recently at Christchurch, before Major Lean, to investigate a charge of insubordination and carelessness at Cashmere range. It seems that a squad from the cadets and another company were firing at the 100 and 200 yards range. The adults fired over the cadets' head, and a sergeant of artillery, who was in charge of the senior team, persisted in firing after being ordered to stop. The result of the inquiry was that the sergeant was severely reprimanded.

The local paper is informed that the linnets are increasing terribly in the Tokomairiro district, and regrets to learn that they are particularly destructive to the standing crops of turnip seed. Mr Chalmers has, we hear, three acres destroyed to such an extent, that it will not be worth cutting. This exhibits the small-bird nuisance in a new light, and we fully expect that we shall soon have to follow the example of Canterbury, and form sparrow and linnet clubs for the destruction of these pests. What with this and the steady approach of the rabbits, and increase of the hares, our farmers will have a lively time of it before long.

The case of Edmund Galley has (states the *Sydney Morning Herald*) excited apparently far more interest in England than in New South Wales, although for many years the unfortunate victim of false evidence has been living here. Our readers will recollect that about three months ago Edmund Galley received, so far as a free pardon would give it, full restitution to the rights of innocence. Forty-four years ago, at the Devon assizes, he was convicted of murder, but in consequence of some doubt arising, the capital sentence was commuted to imprisonment for life, and he was transported to New South Wales. Soon after the trial Sir Alexander Cockburn and one or two leading members of the English bar appear to have entertained a belief of the prisoner's innocence, though little exertion was made to clear up any doubts that existed, and so Galley lived on year after year with his character stained with the imputation of the worst of crimes. Sir Alexander Cockburn, who is now Lord Chief Justice of England, hearing a few months ago that Galley was still alive, and spending the last years of a prolonged existence as an exiled convict in New South Wales, urged the Crown to exercise the prerogative of mercy. The case was brought under the notice of the House of Commons by Sir John Eardley Wilmot, and the result of the efforts made on his behalf led to the granting of a free pardon to Galley. We now learn by cable message that a fund is being raised to compensate him, so far as such a fund can do so, for the wrong that has been done him. When the pardon arrived he was in the employ of Mr Henry Brown of Bendinbine, near Binalong.

The Tasmanian Treasurer's budget shows a deficiency for the last year of £135,000.

A Queensland post and telegraph master has been fined £20 for telling his house-keeper the contents of a telegram received by him.

A practical discovery rendering bank-notes from photographs impossible has been discovered by a Sydney chemist. It is stated that the leading banks are now in treaty for the purchase of the patent.

The *Argus* estimates the yield of Victorian gold last year at 715,009 ounces. The decrease on last year is 38,784 ounces. The Mining Department estimates the yield at 730,355 ounces, but their data are known to be unreliable.

In Queensland, Miss Potts, while bathing at Park, Rockhampton, was carried out a long distance by a wave. Miss Hays, who was with her, boldly swam out to her, and after great exertions rescued her. She was insensible, but natural respiration was restored in half an hour. Miss Hays, who is a splendid swimmer, behaved nobly.

When the sumptuous American carriages were lately placed on the line between Christchurch and Oamaru, the general complaint was that they could not be run right through to Dunedin and Invercargill on account of their being too lofty to pass through the tunnels. Travellers, however, will be pleased to learn that such alterations have been made in the carriages as to enable them to pass through the tunnels.

The following is the full text of the Act legalising the use of the totalizator in South Australia:—Whereas great evils have resulted from rash and indiscriminate betting at races, and young men and others are often tempted by reason of the uncertainty of losing and a chance of winning, to make bets which if lost, are wholly beyond their means to pay, and in order to pay the same resort to criminal means of obtaining money. And whereas the use of the totalizator would tend to diminish betting by giving young men and others a pecuniary interest in races without the evils incident to indiscriminate betting—Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of the Province of South Australia, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly of the said province, in the present Parliament assembled, as follows:—1. From and after the passing of this Act the instrument or contrivance for wagering or betting known as the totalizator, or any other machine or instrument of like nature, and conducted upon the same principles, shall, when used under the auspices of, and with the permission of, any duly recognised racing club, upon any public racecourse, be exempted from the provisions of the Lottery and Gaming Act, 1875, and no house, office, room, or place, or any racecourse used for the purposes aforesaid shall be held to come within the provisions of the said Act: Provided that no more than one such totalizator, machine, or instrument shall be authorised or used upon such racecourse at any one time.

Ladies' Walking Match.

(*Sydney Morning Herald*.)

That which the promoters termed a Ladies' Twenty-four Hours' Pedestrian Tournament, came to a termination, in the Exhibition Building, Prince Alfred Park, at ten minutes past ten o'clock on Saturday night, in the presence of 2,000 men. The prizes which had been offered for competition consisted of a gold watch for the competitor who stayed longest on the course without resting, £25 for the one who covered the greatest distance in 24 hours, £20 for the one who did the next greatest distance, and £15 for the next. Originally ten females entered for the contest. One of them was a mere child, and two had the good taste or good sense to retire, and it was evident from the physique of the remaining eight that 24 hour's walking would tax their endurance to the utmost. The competitors were each dressed in a little tawdry finery, and got away with a fair start. After this the contest was a very tame affair for 12 hours or so, when one of the competitors was "knocked out of time," and several others appeared as if they had had enough of it. One is said to have almost prayed to be relieved from her self-imposed task, but trainers and backers opposed her desires strenuously, and she was kept relentlessly on the track. This was after 10 hours' walking, and when she appeared to be fatigued and in great pain. The slight intervals of rest provided for the competitors appeared to have but small beneficial effect, for each competitor on returning to the track walked for some time as if completely crippled. Friends, mothers, sisters or brothers, however, were close at hand to stimulate them with the influences of cheers, fans, or drinks, and the walking was pursued with a persistence worthy a better cause.

The competitors, in their actions, were criticised as though they were so many horses, the "graceful going" of some and the "pluck" and "steady paces" of others being admiringly commented on, and forming the subjects of a considerable amount of betting. Three competitors retired during Saturday afternoon, and left five, who were described as "game uns," to contest the honors. Of

these five, some at 9 o'clock were truly pitiable in their appearance. The elastic spring which characterised their first steps, and the spurts which, by the cheers of onlookers, they were inspired to accomplish, had given way to a painful dawdle, and it became evident that the contest had become a *iasco* as far as walking was concerned, for more than one of the leading competitors had to rely on the supporting arm of trainer or friend in order to be able to keep on their way. In fact, three were in a fainting condition. Their features were pallid, and their eyes had the appearance of extreme weariness, and their glances were thrown towards the clock, their expressions seemed to indicate despair and helplessness, and should have excited soft-toned sympathies rather than loud-mouthed cheers. Their mouths were agape like those of dying fishes. The excitement was intense, but it was confined to the onlookers, or rather a portion of them, but it is difficult to imagine that some present were unsympathetic or not disgusted with the proceedings. Indeed, at this juncture the expression, "This is the most degrading exhibition I have ever witnessed," was quite common. At 10 o'clock the proceedings were varied by a fight in the crowd, and a general rush towards it ensued, and shortly afterwards the Ashfield band struck up "See the conquering hero comes." In 10 minutes "time" was called, and one of the competitors fainted. The "hero" proved to be Madame Azella, who had walked 76½ miles. The winner of the second was Miss Goodwin, who walked 72½ miles, and the winner of the third was Miss Wallace, who walked 70 7-12th miles. Miss Wallace also won the gold watch, having walked 41½ miles without resting. The winners were literally dragged on to the platform to receive applause for their exertions. Each of them was accommodated with a chair, but seemed too exhausted or too apathetic to care for cheers or groans. Some one made a speech on gameness and staying powers, and the competitors were led away by their friends. It is only fair to the gentler sex of Sydney to say that only about a dozen of them participated in the "enjoyments" of this exhibition; but amongst the crowd might be observed members of "Parliament," who are invariably loud in their declamations of unfair play, and numbers of citizens whose names figure conspicuously in lists of donations to charitable objects. There is no accounting for taste. This, however, is the first tournament of the kind that has ever transpired in Sydney, and for the sake of the fair fame of the city it is to be hoped that it will be the last, for anything more likely to humiliate woman-kind in the mind of man could scarcely be called into requisition. The Mayor and alderman should never again permit a building intended for the promotion of science, art, and manufacture, to be used for such an ignoble purpose as a woman's walking match.

She Routed the Savages.

A company of Zulus—an impi, as the war correspondent would say—has come to signal grief in Dublin. Encouraged, no doubt, by the sympathising tone of the anti-English Press, these hardy warriors invaded the Ulundi of Ireland, and at one of the great public kraals, displayed themselves, their ox-hide shields and their terrible assegais to all persons possessed of the desirable curiosity and the necessary shilling. Business becoming dull, some of the friendly Zulus were sent out in a carriage by their enterprising manager to beat up the public, even as Little Nell was paraded through the town by Mrs Jarley. Becoming thirsty, they stopped like mere Britons at a beerseller's kraal and were practically comparing the stout of Dublin with the lager of their own country, when along came an old woman whose son had been killed at the rout of the Twenty-fourth regiment. This simple-minded woman gathered an apronful of stones from the newly macadamised roadway, and as soon as the Zulu impi debouched from the kraal she began bombarding them with rocks, pouring in a musketry fire of curses at the same time with Hibernian vigor. The Zulu shields thus tested proved not to be made of ox-hide tough as iron, but of mere painted canvas, and in spite of the frightful assegais which, when on exhibition, the Zulu brandished so menacingly, they were useless. The old woman routed the savages and put them to ignominious flight, soundly confused and roundly cursed. If she only had been with the Prince Imperial!

"Mornful sight, Byron," said a friend of the dramatist as a drunken fellow staggered past. "Yes," was the reply—"morn'n full indeed."

Leprosy.

The *Sydney Evening News* of a recent date has the following article in relation to the discovery of two Chinese lepers in the district:—

The discovery made during the past week that two Chinese lepers were living in a house at Waterloo has naturally caused some alarm in that neighborhood. One of the unhappy wretches, in the last stage of the hideous malady, had, it appears, poisoned himself. The survivor has been very properly removed by the police and taken to La Perouse, where he will be kept strictly isolated. Notwithstanding the large number of Chinese in this city, leprosy has not hitherto made its appearance among them; or else it has been in some mild form which has escaped general notice. In this respect we have been more fortunate than our southern neighbors. How to deal with leprosy, is not the least of the social problems which have exercised the Victorians. Lepper camps have existed for many years at Ballarat, Castlemaine, and other large centres of mining population. When the attention of the Victorian Government was first directed to the subject, they addressed themselves to the then Secretary for the Colonies, the Duke of Newcastle, requesting him to obtain from the best medical authorities in the Mother Country information as to the alleged contagious nature of leprosy. The Duke of Newcastle accordingly placed himself in communication with the College of Physicians. At a very early period of the inquiry, carried out by that body, the replies received enabled the College to assure the Secretary of State for the Colonies that "there was no evidence which, in their opinion, justified any course for the compulsory segregation of lepers. There appears no more need (or just the same) for restricting the liberty of lepers than for restricting the liberty of those affected with gout." More recently an eminent professional writer defines leprosy as "a constitutional, non-contagious, hereditary affection."

These assurances should be sufficient to dispel the apprehensions of nervous persons, who share the popular belief that nobody can approach a leper with running the risk of being contaminated. The opinions expressed by English physicians have been confirmed by the experience of medical men in Australia. Hundreds of degraded European outcasts, whose physical condition renders them peculiarly liable to catch infectious diseases, are known to frequent these Chinese camps. No case has, however, been recorded of a European, or a person of European descent, having been treated for leprosy at any of the public institutions in Victoria.

Leprosy, like many of the frightful scourges which have afflicted the human race, has its home in "the mysterious East." During the middle ages it was well known in Europe. It lingered in England down to the close of the eighteenth century. In a portion of Norway it is still as rife as ever, and it has not yet been banished from the northern shore of the Mediterranean.

Neglect of sanitary laws, unwholesome food, exposure to extreme heat and cold, are mentioned among the supposed causes of this somewhat obscure disease. We have abundant evidence that our ancestors did not regard personal cleanliness as one of the essential virtues. Nature exacted the inevitable penalty. Horrible epidemics, happily known to us only by name—the Black death, the sweating sickness—periodically raged, and carried off thousands of victims in the British Islands. The leprosy followed in their train, and became acclimatised in the wretched hovels of London, Edinburgh, and Dublin. Readers of our old dramatists will remember how familiarly they allude to the "Lazar House." Gradually, as the humbler classes improved their way of living, and were enabled to procure better food, better clothing, and better lodgings, than their forefathers, the leprosy died out in Great Britain. The last cases of it occurred in 1798, when patients suffering from undoubted leprosy were brought from the Shetland Islands for treatment in the Hospital of Edinburgh. It finally disappeared like many other relics of "the good old times," before the light of the nineteenth century. Though, as we have shown, the most enlightened scientific theories ridicule the idea of the leprosy being communicable by contact with diseased persons; yet, as the fact has not absolutely been proved beyond all doubt, it would be well for the police to take every reasonable precaution for the protection of the public.

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"After the effectual cure of my flock, the demand for your Powder became great, and orders were sent to Melbourne and other places where it could be got, and the merchant before spoken of got shipments from England, as you must be quite aware.

"I have dipped over 50,000 sheep with it, and never lost but one, and that one was seen licking its tail just after it left the bath. I have no difficulty in dipping 1000 to 1200 in the day of eight hours with three men. I consider that with ordinary care your Dipping Powder is as safe on a large scale in the Colonies as it is with the small flocks in England. The chief point to mind is that the sheep are quite dry before they are turned out to grass."

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But to that youth, to that man—who has wasted his vigor, who has yielded himself up to the temporary sweet allurements of vice, who has given unbridled license to his passions—to him the above lines are but as a reproach. What HOPE can he have? What aspirations? What chance of leaving his footprints on the sands of time? For him, alas! there is nought but dark despair and self-reproach for a lost life.

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